says: "But one man registered an arrival in the '30s. He was Cyrus Hamlin Walker, of Albany. He was born December 7, 1838. Scores of others were older than Mr. Walker, but none beat him into the State. Mr. Walker proudly proclaims the fact that he is the oldest living white man born west of the Rocky Mountains."

The annual address was given by William M. Colvig, a pioneer of 1851.

The pamphlet also contains the proceedings of the thirty-first grand encampment of the Indian War Veterans of the North Pacific Coast and other matters of historic interest.

Linguistic Families of California. By Roland B. Dixon and A. L. Kroeber. (Berkeley: University of California Press. 1919. Pp. 47-118. 75 cents.)

This is Number 3 of Volume 16 of the University of California's Publications in American Archaeology and Ethnology. It reflects the care and attention to technical details given to all the numbers in this series. There is included a map of "Families of Native Languages in California."

- Thirty-third Annual Report of the Bureau of American Ethnology.

 By F. W. Hodge, Ethnologist-in-charge. (Washington: Government Printing Office. 1919. Pp. 677.)
- Handbook of Aboriginal American Antiquities. By W. H. HOLMES. (Washington: Government Printing Office. 1919. Pp. 380.)
- Prehistoric Villages, Castles, and Towers of Southwestern Colorado. By J. Walter Fewkes. (Washington: Government Printing Office. 1919. Pp. 79.)

All publications by the Bureau of American Ethnology are welcome additions to the historical literature of America. The publication of these three has evidently been delayed by congestion in the Government Printing Office caused by the recent war. The annual report is for the year 1911-1912. In addition to the report of the Bureau, the volume includes four accompanying papers as follows: "Uses of plants by the Indians of the Missouri River Region," by Melvin Randolph Gilmore; "Preliminary Account of the Antiquities of the Region between the Mancos and La Plata Rivers in Southwestern Colorado," by Earl H. Morris; "Designs on Prehistoric Hopi Pottery," by Jesse Walter Fewkes; "The Hawaiian Romance of Laieikawai," by Martha Warren Beckwith, with an ap-

pendix of Hawaiian stories collected by Fomander and edited by Thomas G. Thrum of the Bishop Museum, Honolulu. Each of the

papers is accompanied by beautiful illustrations.

The book on Aboriginal American Antiquities is Bulletin 60. It is one of the planned series of handbooks like those on American Indians (Bulletin 30) and American Indian Languages (Bulletin 40). The second volume, or Part II., of this present bulletin will be devoted to "implements, utensils, and other minor artifacts of stone." The present volume deals with the systematic presentation and classification of the American antiquities, "to make them readily available to the student who shall undertake to present a comprehensive view of the evolution of culture among men." In the chapter on "Culture Characterization Areas" there are four areas of especial interest to the Pacific Coast—"The California Area," "The Columbia-Fraser Area," "The Northwest Coast Area," "The Arctic Coast Area." In this classification the Northwest Coast is given as from Puget Sound to Mount St. Elias.

The third item is a fascinating little book (Bulletin 70) devoted to prehistoric conditions in what is now a part of Colorado. Mr. Fewkes shows the spirit of his work in the following sentence from his introduction: "No achievements in American anthropology are more striking than those that, from a study of human buildings and artifacts antedating the historic period, reveal the existence of an advanced prehistoric culture of man in America." The slender volume is illustrated with 18 drawings in the text and with 33 plates at the end of the book. Many of the plates contain three half-tones. All are well printed and add much to the value of the text.

The Audiencia in the Spanish Colonies. By Charles Henry Cun-NINGHAM, Ph. D. (Berkeley: University of California Press. 1919. Pp. 478.)

The title-page includes the phrase: "As Illustrated by the Audiencia of Manila (1583-1800)." Dr. Cunningham explains in his preface that this came from the circumstance of his having been situated in Manila for a number of years. As the Audiencia was common to all Spanish colonies, this study, he believes, will be equally applicable to the audiencias in Spanish-America.

The work has no contact with, or reference to, the Pacific Northwest but, as an additional monument to the cooperation of the wealth and scholorship of California in the field of history, it gives another opportunity of calling attention to one phase of that