sources. He has found that it was built in 1856 about a half mile above the International Boundary Line at Waneta. It was first called Fort Pen d'Oreille, the name being changed in 1859 to Fort Shepard in honor of John Shepard, then governor of the Hudson's Bay Company.

He says the fort was designed to take the place of Fort Colville which was found impracticable after the Oregon Treaty of 1846. The new fort of three stores and warehouses and residence for the factor was used by Dewdney in the sixties when he constructed Dewdney Trail through from Yale to Wild Horse. Fort Shepard was burned in 1872. An authority on Columbia River history, Mr. T. C. Elliott of Walla Walla, is helping Mr. Williams in these researches, but he thinks that Fort Shepard was short lived and of little or no importance. Mr. Williams lives near the site of the old fort and is anxious to glean all possible facts about it.

Oldest Pioneer of Quilcene

Hon. R. W. Condon sends a clipping from the Port Townsend *Leader* for August 3, 1933, containing a fine tribute and extended record of Samuel H. Cottle, the only survivor of the first settlers at Quilcene. As a boy of nineteen he settled there in May, 1868, and has lived there since. He has witnessed much development in the Puget Sound region.

Further Honor for Judge Howay

At the May Congregation of the University of British Columbia, Judge F. W. Howay was honored with the degree of Doctor of Laws.

Professor Sage Honored

Professor Walter N. Sage of the University of British Columbia was a recent visitor in Seattle when he gave a paper before the Pacific Coast Theological Conference on the subject of "Early Missions and Missionaries in British Columbia. In May, Professor Sage had been honored by being elected a Fellow of the Royal Historical Society of England.

Pacific County Pioneers

The annual picnic of the Pacific County Pioneers was held at Bay Center when Fenton Smith was elected President. The annual address was given by Edward W. Allen, a prominent laywer of Seattle and former President of the Washington State Bar Association. He was introduced as having been a former Prosecuting Attorney of Pacific County. A good portion of his address was published in the South Bend *Journal* for August 18, 1933.

Honoring Professor Turner

Professor Joseph Schafer, Superintendent of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin, under the title of Editorial Comment in the Wisconsin Magazine of History for June, 1933, pays a fine tribute to Professor Frederick Jackson Turner, calling it "Turner's Frontier Philosophy." He says: "Turner, let us again remind ourselves, applied the frontier theory especially to the period which closed with the frontier's disappearance. He never claimed to have discovered in the frontier philosophy a universal solvent for American historical problems. His mind was almost uniquely free from dogmatism."

Memories of Astoria

G. H. Lash, Press Representative of the Canadian National Railways, in his bulletin for July 15, 1933, calls attention to the fact that in Jasper National Park there are three names in memory of Astorians who returned home by that route: Touquin Valley, named for the vessel that was blown up soon after establishing Astoria, a river bears the name Astoria, and a mountain is named for Gabriel Franchere, the clerk, whose book was largely used by Washington Irving in his *Astoria*.

Statue of Harvey W. Scott

On July 22 there was unveiled in the City of Portland a statue of Harvey W. Scott, who for forty years was the forceful and famous editor of the *Portland Oregonian*. It is a gift from the Scott family. The statue is the work of Gutzon Borglum, the famous sculptor whose full name is John Gutzon de la Mothe Borglum. He was born in Idaho but maintains his home in Stamford, Connecticut, with a winter residence in San Antonio, Texas. He has won honors in various art centers of the world. At the presentation ceremonies Governor Julius L. Meier presided. The speakers included Chester Rowell, Editor of the San Francisco *Chronicle*; Dr. Joseph Schafer, Superintendent of the Wisconsin State Historical Society; and Rev. J. Whitcomb Brougher, D.D., Pastor of the Fremont Temple