incidents. At the same time there is commendable aim at historical accuracy.

The author was born in the Canadian Far North and was educated in British Columbia. She began writing for newspapers while she worked on special features for papers in Los Angeles, Chicago and New York, novels, poems and magazine articles. By birth, education and experience, she is well equipped to write such a book as Adventures of Oregon.

The book contains a specially prepared map of the Oregon County and its approaches and seven wisely selected portraits and illustrations. The portraits include McLoughlin, Lewis, Clark and Astor. The index, printing and binding are all that could be desired, keeping pace with the other volumes in this attractive series.

The Whitman Massacre. By Matilda J. Sager Delaney. Spokane: Esther Reed Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. 1920. Pp. 46. Seventy-five cents.)

Mrs. Delaney is one of the Sager girls from the Indians after the Whitman massacre at Waiilatpu November 29, 1847. She is one of the very few survivors of that tragedy. Her book has all the value and human interest of a first-hand account of an important historic event. She was only eight years of age at the time of the massacre but such an event would easily be remembered and would be supplemented as to details from subsequent conversations with her sisters and other survivors.

The book makes a valuable addition to the literature of the Pacific Northwest. All collectors will be anxious to save it. The edition is limited to five hundred copies. It may be purchased of the author, whose address is 630 South Howard Street, Spokane, Washington.

Esther Reed Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, has rendered a real service in sponsoring this book. In 1914 the same Chapter issued a valuable booklet entitled *Indian Battles in the Indian Empire in* 1858 which recounted the ceremonies of marking the scene of the Steptoe battle near Rosalia.

This new little book on the massacre has a portrait of the author and a drawing of the Whitman Mission. There is also a forward by Miriam Tannant Merriam, in which is found this beautiful tribute: "The Delaney living room is the only place I have seen Indian women and girls light hearted and chatty. They loved to

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linger to sing for their hostess. Mrs. Delaney's hospitality extended to all clergymen of all creeds. Her's has been a life of hard but generous service."

The Overland Journey of the Argonauts of 1862. By F. W. Howay, L.L. B., F. R. S. C., (Ottawa: The Royal Society of Canada. 1920. Pp. 37-55).

This pamphlet is reprinted from The Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, 1919, and contains the paper read by Judge Howay at the meeting in May, 1919. The purpose, scope and sources used are all set forth in the opening paragraph as follows:

"The earliest recorded emigration across the prairies to the region west of the Rocky Mountains occurred in 1841, and according to Sir George Simpson, who met them near Edmonton, consisted of twenty-three families. Thirteen years later another party, known as the Sinclair party, numbering sixty-five persons-men, women and children-followed in their tracks to the Columbia. In this paper an attempt will be made to trace and describe the journey in 1862 of the third immigrant party across the continent through British North America; but the first of such immigrants whose object was to reach a home in British territory. For this purpose liberty has been kindly granted by Mrs. Caroline L. Mc-Micking, of Victoria, to use the original dairies of her late husband, Mr. Robert B. McMicking, and his brother, Thomas R. McMicking. These little books contain the day by day account of the incidents of the whole journey from Queenstown, Canada, West to Quesnel, British Columbia.

The Log of the Princessa. By Herbert Ingram Priestly. (Portland: The Oregon Historical Society. 1920. Pp. 11.)

This important contribution to the history of the Northwest is reprinted from the Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society, Volume XXI., pages 21-31.

Doctor Priestley is associated with the Bancroft Library, Academy of Pacific Coast History, University of California. After quoting H. H. Bancroft and Professor William Ray Manning as to the baffling disappearance of the diary or log kept by Estevan Martinez at Nootka Sound in the critical year of 1789, he says that a copy was secured by the late Professor Henry Morse