The Frontier in American History. By Frederick Jackson Turner. (New York: Henry Holt and Company, 1920, Pp. 375.)

Here is a collection of thirteen important essays by one of the best loved members in the guild of American historians. It comes in the tenth year of his service at Harvard University. His early laurels were won while a member of the faculty at his alma mater, University of Wisconsin.

The title of the book is taken from that of the first essay: "The Significance of the Frontier in American History." That essay laid a secure foundation for Professor Turner's fame. It was read at the meeting of the American Historical Association in Chicago on July 12, 1893. It was published in the Proceedings of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin, December 14, 1893, in the Report of the American Historical Association for 1893, and in the Fifth Year Book of the National Herbart Society. For a quarter of a century American historians have been drawing inspiration from that essay.

The later essays here collected will also be cherished and used. It need not be expected that they will surpass, or even equal, the scope or quality of the first great essay. However, they are of and by Turner and that means much to those who know.

Readers in the Northwest will be especially interested in "The West and American Ideals," to which the author has appended this footnote: "Commencement Address, University of Washington, June 17, 1914. Reprinted by permission from *The Washington Historical Quarterly*, October, 1914."

There is probably not a student or teacher of American history anywhere who will not in time come under the influence of this book.

EDMOND S. MEANY

Alsea Texts and Myths. By Leo J. Frachtenberg. (Washington: Government Printing Office, 1920. Pp. 304.)

The late Henry Villard assisted with money the study of the Indians of the Pacific Northwest. That among Alsea in western Oregon was undertaken by Professor Livingston Farrand. After the death of Mr. Villard the work was discontinued until Mrs. Villard provided funds to complete that part of the work initiated by her husband. The Bureau of American Ethnology and Columbia University cooperated and the study was completed by Doctor Frachtenberg. It is now published by the Bureau of American

Ethnology as Bulletin 67. There are less than a dozen survivors of the Alsea tribe. This collection is the "literature" of a race that is practically gone. One sentence from page 12 will give a basis for valuation: "Speaking in a general way, Alsea mythology may be said to be characteristic of that area of the Northwest which embraces northern California, Oregon, and Washington." There are twenty-eight myths and an extensive vocabulary of the language.

The Mountaineer. Edited by Joseph T. Hazard. (Seattle: The Mountaineers, 1920. Pp. 97.)

Mazama. Edited by Jamieson Parker. (Portland: The Mazamas, 1920. Pp. 103. \$1.00.)

These two annual publications contain much of value on a most interesting phase of Northwestern history and this year both are devoted almost wholly to the mountains of Washington.

The 1920 summer outing of The Mountaineers was held in the Olympic Mountains, which accounts for the fact that Editor Hazard gave most space to those peaks. Miss Winona Bailey gives a careful account of the outing. Miss Gertrude Inez Streator has made a compilation of all known ascents of Mount Olympus. L. A. Nelson wrote an article about the ascents of Mount Meany. Edmond S. Meany has an article on the history and traditions of the Indians of the Olympic Peninsula.

The balance of the book is devoted to other mountain articles and reports of the club. These include: "Mountain Beaver," by S. Edward Paschall; "On the Ascent of Mount Rainier," by Harry McL. Myers; "Ascent of Mount Rainier by the Ingraham Glacier," by Allison L. Brown; "Interesting Climbs in the Snoqualmie Lodge Region," by Ben C. Mooers; "The Impressions of a Tenderfoot," by Elizabeth Sander Lilly; "Washington Hopes to Have a State Park System," by Edward W. Allen; "International Conference of Mountaineering Clubs," by Professor C. E. Fay; "Stolen Bells—A Comparison," by Marion Randall Parsons; "Activities of Other Mountain Clubs," edited by Gertrude Inez Streator; and "Book Reviews," edited by Margaret W. Hazard.

The book is lavishly illustrated with beautiful half-tones and two useful maps. Greetings in cordial terms are extended as a sort of a frontispiece by Hon. John Barton Payne, Secretary of the Interioir.

The Oregon club, The Mazamas, devoted the 1920 outing to Mount Baker and surrounding peaks. The first article is "The