

Mount Baker Outing of 1920," by Jamieson Parker. It is a long article and profusely illustrated, as is the entire book. B. A. Thaxter writes on "The 1920 Ascent of Mount Shuksan," and R. H. Bunnage on "An Ascent of Ruth Mountain." One of the popular mountaineers of the Northwest, Richard W. Montague, has a brief article on the suggestive title: "Why Do We Come Back?" A review article, by Gertrude Metcalfe Sholes is entitled: "The Mount Baker Outing of the Mazamas in 1909." The most valuable article historically is "Mount Baker—Its Name and First Explorer" by Arthur J. Craven. He has used commendable diligence in collecting together the scant records of E. T. Coleman, who deserves a better place than has been accorded him heretofore in Northwestern annals. Charles F. Easton contributes a geological article on "The Story of Mount Baker."

The rest of the book is given to other mountaineering articles and the usual reports of officers.

Librarians and collectors of Northwest Americana will do well to save these beautiful and valuable publications.

Education During Adolescence. By RANSOM A. MACKIE. (New York: E. P. Dutton & Company, 1920. Pp. 222.)

While not in the field of the *Quarterly*, this book is mentioned for two reasons:—The author is a graduate of the University of Washington and he devotes pages 124-192 to a consideration of history as a required subject. There is an introduction by President G. Stanley Hall of Clark University in which that authority says that this book "represents better than anything I know the general principles of what I believe to be the education of the near future."

Ewing Young and His Estate. By FREDERIC G. YOUNG. (Portland: Oregon Historical Society, 1920. Pp. 171-315. Fifty cents.)

This is Volume XXI., Number 3, of *The Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society*, but is mentioned here as a separate because it is devoted wholly to the item mentioned in the title. The first twenty-six pages are devoted to Professor Young's account of the romantic and important career of Ewing Young. The balance of the book is called an appendix and contains documents, such as letters, petitions and account books, all throwing light on the eco-

conomic beginnings of Old Oregon. Subsequent writers on Northwestern history will find this a dependable source on many items heretofore hazily understood. Professor Young has here added another to the long list of important documents which he has uncovered and put into usable form.

The King of the Olympics: and Other Mammals of the Olympic Mountains. By E. B. WEBSTER. (Port Angeles, Washington, E. B. Webster. Pp. \$4.00).

Mr. Webster has for years been devoted to a study of the Olympic Mountains and is one of the guiding spirits in the Klahanne Club of Port Angeles. The first and longest chapter in his book is devoted to the Olympic Elk, sometimes called the "Roosevelt Elk." He has collected much information about that interesting animal and a large number of beautiful photographs.

The remaining thirty-six chapters are devoted to thirty-six other mammals of the Olympics. He has been more intimate than technical in his descriptions. The pictures and the stories make a book which everyone will be glad to read and to save. Trips into the Olympic Mountains will have a larger and keener interest because of this volume, with its stories and its wealth of remarkably good pictures.

Centralia Tragedy and Trial. By BEN HUR LAMPMAN. (Centralia and Tacoma: American Legion, 1920. Pp. 79.)

The subtitle on the cover is "The American Legion's Account of the Armistice Day Massacre." It is profusely illustrated with portraits and pictures of buildings involved in the tragedy. Librarians would do well to save this fugitive item as it is sure to be needed in future studies of the case.

Fourth Annual Report of the National Park Service, 1920. By STEPHEN T. MATHER. (Washington Government Printing Office, 1920. Pp. 423.)

Like its predecessors, this report covers the year's work and happenings in the National Parks and Monuments. The Director's report covers the first 172 pages. The rest of the volume is devoted to reports by the several superintendents. Pages 267-278 contain the report of Superintendent Roger W. Toll of the Mount Rainier National Park. On page 180 are found some statistics about the