that have been acquired. It is a cross between a guide book and an elementary history of the Alaska Indian tribes. Numerous illustrations add to the value of the booklet.

The English Traveler in America, 1785-1835. By Jane Louise Mesick. (New York: Columbia University Press, 1922. Pp. 370. \$2.50.)

This volume does not fall within the geographical area of the Facific Coast. Its contents nevertheless should prove of interest to students of Western history since it throws light on early travel to the West. The experiences of the emigrant and the traveller had much in common. The returned traveller gave out the information which encouraged or retarded emigration to the West. The author of this monography has made use of the publications of the best known English travellers during the period covered and has made useful generalizations upon conditions in the frontier settlements of the time.

Students' History of the Northwest and the State of Washington By Laura B. Downey Bartlett. Volume I. (Tacoma: Smith-Digby Company, 1922. Pp. 232.)

The need for a good grammar school history of the State of Washington has been long apparent. There has been and is a similar need for a documentary source book covering the history of the Pacific Northwest for the use of high schools and colleges. The present volume by Mrs. Bartlett appears to have been compiled for the purpose of filling both needs within the compass of one volume.

As a history, the work lacks proportion. No less than twenty-eight pages are devoted to preliminaries: title page, contents, preamble, two notes of appreciation and an index to epochs. Twelve pages are given over to a history of the United States before 1776 and an equal amount of space is devoted to biographies of the Presidents. Of the limited space left for the Pacific Northwest, seventeen are given to Astoria and fourteen to Lewis and Clark, while many important topics are barely mentioned.

As a source book, little of the material, barring the Constitution of Washington, comes within the scope of the book. Thirty-five pages are employed to reproduce in full the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation and the Constitution of the United States. That it should take forty-four