

The book is now put back to its original form and scope except for the citations of newer books. Many believe that this little book is the finest historical work issued by Woodrow Wilson.

John Spencer Bassett, Professor of History at Smith College, begins his narrative at the year 1889, where Professor Wilson's volume originally ended. Starting with the "Spirit of Reform," "The McKinley Tariff," "The Sherman Silver Purchase Act," "The Sherman Anti-Trust Law," the narrative continues to the administration of President Coolidge. Like the others in the series the book is compact and is adequately equipped with excellent maps and classified citations or references. As the years advance it will undoubtedly, like its predecessor, pass through new printings and revisions.

Readers in the Pacific Northwest will most likely regret that these two good books hinged on the year 1889. In neither one does the table of contents mention the fact that four new States were in that year admitted to the Union by one Act of Congress. The index in Professor Wilson's book leads to page 315, where under the general heading: "Pensions, Immigration, Polygamy," is found this brief concluding paragraph:

"In November, 1889, four new States entered the Union—North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington, the first since Colorado was admitted in 1876. The tale of States had now reached forty-two."

Klallam Ethnology. By ERNA GUNTHER. (Seattle: University of Washington Press, 1927. Pp. 173 to 314 of Vol. I. in Anthropology Series of University of Washington Publications. \$1.25.)

The author has treated her subject under such general heads as "Villages and Homes," "Economic Life," "Manufactures," "The Cycle of Life," and others. Her work will undoubtedly be acceptable to the authorities in this field of scholarship. In recording native words she has used the *Phonetic Transcription of Indian Languages* from "Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections, 66," 1916, No. 6.

Experiments In Colorado Colonization, 1869-1872. Edited by JAMES F. WILLARD and COLIN B. GOODYKOONTZ. (Boulder: University of Colorado, 1926. Pp. 483.)

The three years mentioned in the title seem a short span to require so large a book. The table of contents, in addition to

such essentials as preface, introduction and index, reveals the justification of space in the following activities of those eventful years: "Colonization in Colorado, General," "German Colonization," "Chicago-Colorado Colony," "St. Louis-Western Colony," "Southwestern Colony," "Miscellaneous Colonies."

The book is Volume III. in the "Historical Collections" of the University of Colorado and is also listed as "Colony Series," Volume II. Future writers will surely find much use for the statistics and documents here assembled.

International Law and Related Subjects. Proceedings of the Second Conference of Teachers. (Washington: Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 1926. Pp. 163.)

The Second Conference of Teachers of International Law and Related Subjects was held in Washington, D. C., April 23-25, 1925, and the proceedings have now been placed in permanent book-form. The first session was devoted to a discussion of teaching problems and the second session to problems of research. Prominent among the participants were Mr. James Brown Scott, and Professors Harold S. Quigley, Emerson D. Fite, Henry M. Wriston, Quincy Wright, Edwin M. Borchard, Charles G. Fenwick, and Manley O. Hudson. The Director of the Conference was Professor Edwin D. Dickinson of the University of Michigan Law School.

Readings in Recent American Constitutional History, 1876-1926.

By ALLEN JOHNSON and WILLIAM A. ROBINSON. (New York: Scribners, 1927. Pp. 511. \$4.00.)

Professors Allan Johnson of Yale University and William A. Robinson of Dartmouth College have collaborated in a book entitled "Readings in Recent American Constitutional History, 1876-1927." It is made up of extracts from federal statutes, decisions of federal courts and from authoritative books in the field of American constitutional history and government. These citations deal with political and civil rights under the fourteenth amendment, the extension of federal authority, structural and functional changes in the government, the extension of democracy, and the government of dependencies.

Fourteen Thousand Feet. By JOHN L. JEROME HART. (Denver: The Colorado Mountain Club, 1925. Pp. 53.)