

will eventually own all the mining ground in the state." He tells of rich silver mines in Nevada where a convention was being held to prepare for Statehood. One of the best places he knew for miners just then was "Idaho Territory," mentioning Boise River, as well as John Day, Powder, Salmon and Snake River diggings. In speaking of these he says: "Some of the claims there pay 60 to \$100 per day to the hand and those that pay less than \$7.00 per day are not worked as wages are 6 & \$8.00 per day. One emigrant crossed the plains last year. Got to Boise just as the mines were found, went there & got a good claim, worked it till about July or August, then sold out and went home with \$60,000." The news also mentioned some who went broke.

Special Edition of Jewitt's Narrative

John Graham, well known architect of Seattle, has made "several copies" of *John R. Jewitt's Narrative* from one of the earliest editions. It is five and a half by eight and a half inches, neatly bound in stiff paper, bearing a full printed title. The text is typewritten, each single-spaced page having a type coverage of three and one-half by six and one-half inches. With this unusual form of reproduction it is a surprise to find that the total of pages is 169, almost exactly that of the original, 166 pages.

Mr. Graham when explaining that he thought the original he had borrowed was dated in 1808, kindly added with Christmas cheer: "Knowing your interest in Nootka, I should like you to have one of these copies with my kindest regards."

Mr. Graham has a fine yacht, which explains his own interest in Nootka and other historic regions of the North Pacific Coast.

Geographic Names Decisions

Since the last issue of this *Quarterly*, the United States Geographic Board has rendered a number of decisions of particular interest in the State of Washington.

At the meeting of October 1, 1930, an Olympic Mountain in Grays Harbor County received official sanction for the name Colonel Bob. It is at the head of Bunch Canyon, Olympic National Forest. In June of 1930, a cairn was found on its summit containing the record left there on July 24, 1893, stating that J. N. and Robert Locke and Clark Pealer had on that day christened the peak in honor of Robert G. Ingersoll (1833-1899) celebrated lawyer and lecturer. The peak has an elevation of 4,500 feet.