

address at a banquet in Tacoma, Governor Kirkwood referred to the West as "the grand college, the university where the great subject taught is common sense."

Texas Governors' Messages, Coke to Ross, 1874-1891. Edited by SINCLAIR MORELAND. (Austin: Archive and History Department of the Texas State Library. 1916. Pp. 820.)

What was done for the Nation in the *Messages and Papers of the Presidents*, Texas is doing for her own executives. The large volume is well planned and made. It is supplied with an extensive index. There are many who would welcome a similar volume devoted to the State of Washington.

Montana, Contributions to the Historical Society of. Edited by W. Y. PEMBERTON, Librarian. (Helena: Montana Historical and Miscellaneous Library. 1917. Pp. 376.)

The book is full of materials interesting to the pioneers of the western country. Frequent references to Indians, the fur-trade, pioneer courts, lumbering and mining enterprises, show how true it is to the mission of recording the origins before it is too late. A frontispiece photograph and the first article are devoted to Major Martin Maginness.

Grammatical Notes on the Language of the Tlingit Indians. By FRANZ BOAS. (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Museum. 1917.)

America's great ethnologist has here given out another portion of his wonderful collection of Indian linguistic materials. The Tlingit Indians occupy the southeastern coast of Alaska. This publication is Volume VIII, Number 1, of the Museum's Anthropological Publications.

Introductory Manual for the Study and Reading of Agrarian History. By WILLIAM TRIMBLE. Fargo, North Dakota: The College Book Store. 1917. Pp. 47. Thirty cents.

As stated in the Preface, "The plan of this introductory manual is to afford references and suggestions for a survey of the general history of agriculture and for a more detailed study of that of the United States." Professor Trimble is doing pioneer work in the teaching of agrarian history, and this serviceable manual has been prepared primarily for his own students in the North Dakota State Agricultural College. It will have a wider usefulness, however, as

an excellent bibliographical introduction to the study of agrarian history. Professor Trimble is making a special study of agricultural beginnings in the Inland Empire region, supplementing his *Mining Advance*.

The Foreign Policy of Woodrow Wilson, 1913-1917. By EDGAR E. ROBINSON and VICTOR J. WEST. (New York: The Macmillan Company. 1917. Pp. 428. \$1.75.)

All Americans should be interested in this book, and Pacific Northwest citizens will find special reasons for reading it in the references to Japan, China, the Philippines and other Pacific regions. It is of course a most timely book, and we will all relish a new edition including the Lansing-Ishii negotiations. These were completed after the book was written, and now overshadow the other Oriental questions.

Archeological Notes on Western Washington and Adjacent British Columbia. By ALBERT B. REAGAN. (San Francisco: Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences. 1917. Series 4, Vol. VII., Number 1. Pp. 31, Pl. 6. Thirty cents.)

This paper is based upon field work carried on by the author while in charge of the Lummi Indians in 1905 and the Quillayute and Hoh Indians from 1905 to 1909. It is principally devoted to the archeology of the Olympic Peninsula and represents a conscientious attempt to add to the scientific knowledge of this region. The paper contains a bibliography of the archeology of Western Washington and British Columbia prepared by Charles W. Smith of the University of Washington Library.

The National Park Service, Report for 1917. By HORACE M. ALBRIGHT, Acting Director. (Washington: Department of the Interior. 1917. Pp. 258.)

The book is equipped with fine maps, illustrations, recent bibliographies and statistics. All who are interested in the national parks should become acquainted with this valuable report. The first twenty-five pages are devoted to a general discussion of the year's work, and then Acting Director Albright takes up the parks for separate treatment. Pages 49 to 53 are devoted to Rainier National Park. He shows the general improvements made on the road and trails and hotel accommodations. He also dilates on the enjoyment of sports in both summer and winter.

Appendix B., of the *Report*, gives separate reports by the several